SJ GROUP Joint Stock Company

Consolidated financial statements

3rd Quarter 2026

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SJ GROUP Joint Stock Company

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SJ GROUP Joint Stock Company

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

SJ GROUP Joint Stock Company ("the Company") was equitized and operated as a joint stock company under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam in pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0103002731 issued by Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 8 August 2003. The Company also subsequently received amended Enterprise Registration Certificates No. 0101399461 with the 16th amendment dated 14 May 2026 as the latest.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange under name SJS.

The current principal activities of the Company are:

- Real estate business;
- Real estate services business;
- Business and operation of services for housing, urban and industrial zone.

The Company's head office is located at plot CT6, Nam An Khanh New Urban area, An Khanh commune, Hanoi, Vietnam.

MEMBERS' COUNCIL

Members of the Members' Council during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Bui Quang Bach	Chairman
Mrs. Do Le Minh	Independent member
Mr. Phuong Xuan Thuy	Independent member
Mr. Tran Nhu Trung	Member
Mr. Nguyen Viet Cuong	Member

BOARD OF SUPERVISORY

Members of the Board of Supervisory during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mrs. Le Thi Thuy	Head of Board of Supervision
Mrs. Tran Thi Thanh Huyen	Member
Ms. Nguyen Thu Hien	Member

BOARD OF INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

Member of the Board of Internal Audit Function during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Pham Quoc Thang	Head of Internal Audit Function	Appointed on 20 April 2026
Mrs. Pham Thi Ngan	Head of Internal Audit Function	Resigned on 20 April 2026

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Tran Nhu Trung	General Director	
Mr. Nguyen Tran Dung	Deputy General Director	
Mr. Tran Oanh	Deputy General Director	
Mr. Nguyen Viet Cuong	Deputy General Director	
Mr. Nguyen Cong Chinh	Deputy General Director	
Mr. Pham Van Nam	Deputy General Director	Appointed on 02 April 2026
		Resigned on 30 September 2026
Mr. Pham Hong Ha	Deputy General Director	Appointed on 14 September 2026
Mr. Nguyen Hai Ninh	Chief Financial Officer	

CONSOLIDTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT
As at 30 September 2026

B01 - DN/HN

Currency: VND

Code	ASSETS	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance (Restated)
100	**A. CURRENT ASSETS**		**6.136.459.309.921**	**4.904.762.360.875**
110	***I. Cash and cash equivalents***	***4***	***98.055.624.334***	***153.004.638.105***
111	1. Cash		98.038.981.525	142.212.112.328
112	2. Cash equivalents		16.642.809	10.792.525.777
120	***II. Short-term investments***	***5***	***4.257.476.829***	***37.414.987.977***
121	1. Held-for-trading securities		17.817.000.000	17.817.000.000
122	2. Provision for diminution in value of held-for-trading securities		(14.055.550.000)	(11.423.510.000)
123	3. Short-term investments held until maturity		496.026.829	31.021.497.977
124	4. Provision for short-term investments held to maturity.		-	-
125	5. Other short-term investments		-	-
126	6. Provision for losses on other short-term investments		-	-
130	***III. Short-term receivables***		***847.494.237.775***	***446.377.798.344***
131	1. Short-term trade receivables	6	367.936.513.952	211.088.313.470
132	2. Short-term advances to suppliers	7	205.014.862.123	136.407.375.220
134	3. Receivables are due to the construction contract schedule		-	-
135	4. Other short-term receivables	8	431.865.473.018	246.776.114.327
136	5. Provision for doubtful short-term receivables		(157.322.611.318)	(147.894.004.673)
140	***IV. Inventories***	***10***	***4.768.696.136.559***	***4.241.946.683.698***
141	1. Inventories		4.773.387.008.235	4.246.637.555.374
149	2. Provision for obsolete inventories		(4.690.871.676)	(4.690.871.676)
150	***V. Short-term biological assets***		-	-
160	***VI. Other current assets***		***417.955.834.424***	***26.018.252.751***
161	1. Short-term prepaid expenses	11	18.266.984.270	17.632.965.526
162	2. Value-added tax deductible	19	2.203.137.146	1.766.891.373
163	3. Tax and other receivables from the State		775.981.542	918.395.852
165	4. Other current assets	12	396.709.731.466	5.700.000.000

CONSOLIDTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT *(Continued)* B01 - DN/HN
As at 30 September 2026

Currency: VND

Code	ASSETS	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance (Restated)
200	**B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS**		**2.519.347.859.629**	**2.963.993.855.386**
210	***I. Long-term receivables***		***212.936.269.542***	***212.936.269.542***
212	1. Long-term advance to suppliers	7	49.982.867.975	49.982.867.975
216	2. Other long-term receivables	8	162.953.401.567	162.953.401.567
220	***II. Fixed assets***	***13***	***192.790.675.033***	***214.329.600.985***
221	1. Tangible fixed assets		192.079.652.566	213.603.890.419
222	- Cost		261.365.353.791	328.758.662.060
223	- Accumulated depreciation		(69.285.701.225)	(115.154.771.641)
227	2. Intangible fixed assets		711.022.467	725.710.566
228	- Cost		999.212.051	999.212.051
229	- Accumulated depreciation		(288.189.584)	(273.501.485)
230	***III. Long-term biological assets***		-	-
240	***IV. Investment properties***	***14***	***19.539.607.061***	***3.797.996.882***
241	- Cost		84.353.671.209	15.832.845.014
242	- Accumulated depreciation		(64.814.064.148)	(12.034.848.132)
250	***V. Long-term assets in progress***		***2.031.525.322.899***	***2.454.544.937.010***
251	1. Long-term work-in-process	15	1.875.860.392.320	2.440.785.393.220
252	2. Construction in progress	15	155.664.930.579	13.759.543.790
260	***VI. Long-term investments***	***17***	***41.931.268.026***	***41.931.268.026***
261	1. Investments in subsidiaries		-	-
262	2. Investments in jointly controlled entities and associates	17.1	58.243.068.750	58.243.068.750
263	3. Investment in other entities	17.2	(16.311.800.724)	(16.311.800.724)
264	4. Provision for long-term investment losses in other entities		-	-
265	5. Long-term investment holding until maturity.		-	-
266	6. Provision for investments held to maturity in the long term.		-	-
270	***VII. Other long-term assets***		***20.624.717.068***	***36.453.782.941***
271	1. Long-term prepaid expenses	11	10.001.944.176	11.539.272.400
272	2. Deferred tax assets		10.622.772.892	24.914.510.541
280	**TOTAL ASSETS**		**8.655.807.169.550**	**7.868.756.216.261**

CONSOLIDTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT *(Continued)* B01 - DN/HN
As at 30 September 2026

Currency: VND

Code	RESOURSES	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance (Restated)
300	**C. LIABILITIES**		**3.784.710.190.761**	**4.423.405.503.228**
310	***I. Current liabilities***		***2.608.785.544.490***	***2.181.139.358.889***
311	1. Short-term trade payables	18.1	203.836.173.347	91.686.333.371
312	2. Short-term advances from customers	18.2	17.656.128.474	681.101.864.139
313	3. Dividends and profits must be paid.	21	286.802.000	2.770.000
314	4. Short-term statutory obligations	19	516.581.263.580	117.892.685.242
315	5. Payables to employees		18.628.368.755	17.999.260.531
316	6. Short-term accrued expenses	20	544.194.881.609	422.601.890.034
319	7. Short-term unearned revenues	0	744.581.544	800.899.998
320	8. Other short-term payables	22	652.485.618.531	106.395.401.126
321	9. Short-term loans and financial leases	23	562.535.174.056	650.236.159.854
322	10. Short-term provisions		-	-
323	11. Bonus and welfare fund	23	91.836.552.594	92.422.094.594
330	***II. Non-current liabilities***		***1.175.924.646.271***	***2.242.266.144.339***
332	1. Long-term advances from customers	17.2	193.208.327.754	193.208.327.754
334	2. Long-term accrued expenses	19	3.452.162.560	3.452.162.560
338	3. Other long-term liabilities	21	59.380.652.535	203.798.587.699
339	4.Long-term loans and financial leases	23	919.665.684.063	1.841.485.152.214
343	5. Long-term provisions		217.819.359	321.914.112

CONSOLIDTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT *(Continued)* B01 - DN/HN
As at 30 September 2026

Currency: VND

Code	*RESOURSES*	*Notes*	*Ending balance*	*Beginning balance (Restated)*
400	**D. OWNERS' EQUITY**	**25**	**4.871.096.978.789**	**3.445.350.713.033**
411	1. Owner's capital contribution		2.974.748.280.000	2.974.748.280.000
411a	*- Shares with voting rights*		*2.974.748.280.000*	*2.974.748.280.000*
412	2. Capital surplus		29.654.860.000	29.654.860.000
414	3. Other owners' capital		48.750.000.000	48.750.000.000
415	4. Shares repurchased from oneself		-	-
418	5. Investment and development fund		4.431.939.342	4.431.939.342
419	6. Other funds belonging to owners' equity		7.523.041.519	7.523.041.519
420	7. Undistributed earnings		1.799.008.054.042	365.392.059.263
420a	*- Undistributed earnings by the end of prior year*		*786.752.011.094*	*3.890.088.209*
420b	*- Undistributed earnings of current year*		*1.012.256.042.948*	*361.501.971.054*
421	8. Non-controlling interests	26	6.980.803.886	14.850.532.909
440	**TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY**		**8.655.807.169.550**	**7.868.756.216.261**

Approved, 14 October 2026

Nguyen Thi Quynh	**Tran Viet Dung**	**Nguyen Hai Ninh**
Preparer	Chief Accountant	Chief Financial Officer

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT B02 - DN/HN

Accounting period from July 1st to September 30th, 2026 *Currency: VND*

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter 3		Accumulated from the beginning of the year	
			Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
1	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	27.1	1.785.034.955.786	26.720.121.562	2.542.874.094.770	370.719.139.667
2	*Deductions*	27.1	-	-	-	-
3	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	27.1	1.785.034.955.786	26.720.121.562	2.542.874.094.770	370.719.139.667
4	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	28	498.850.538.391	19.757.050.868	678.194.022.467	118.139.948.906
5	Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services		1.286.184.417.395	6.963.070.694	1.864.680.072.303	252.579.190.761
6	Profit/loss from the sale and liquidation of investment properties		-	-	-	-
7	Finance income	27.2	927.940.268	777.119.743	1.609.091.870	1.760.260.068
8	Finance expenses	29	3.203.400.000	2.294.830.000	12.577.040.000	2.781.479.323
	- In which: Interest expenses		-	-	-	-
9	Selling expenses	30	8.384.568.045	-	18.343.052.893	1.200.491.059
10	General and administrative expenses	30	10.036.829.030	1.511.133.113	42.434.934.831	29.570.035.799
11	Operating profit		1.265.487.560.588	3.934.227.324	1.792.934.136.449	220.787.444.648
12	Other income	31	4.602.024	503	25.619.431	8.780.587
13	Other expense	31	58.205.387	254.745	791.585.114	329.656.679
14	Other profit	31	(53.603.363)	(254.242)	(765.965.683)	(320.876.092)
15	Shares of loss of associates, joint-ventures		-	-	-	-
16	Accounting profit before tax		1.265.433.957.225	3.933.973.082	1.792.168.170.766	220.466.568.556
17	Current corporate income tax expense	32	253.177.914.277	836.894.969	353.376.470.501	46.085.778.056
18	Deferred tax expense	32	-	-	6.850.449.332	(165.248.412)

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT *(Continued)*
Accounting period from July 1st to September 30th, 2026

B02 - DN/HN

Currency: VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter 3		Accumulated from the beginning of the year	
			Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
19	Net profit after tax		1.012.256.042.948	3.097.078.113	1.431.941.250.933	174.546.038.912
20	Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent		1.012.096.378.840	2.881.190.741	1.431.511.121.948	174.001.148.600
21	Net profit after tax attributable to non-controlling interests	26	159.664.108	215.887.372	430.128.985	544.890.312
22	Basic earnings per share		3.402	10	4.812	585
23	Diluted earnings per share					

Approved, 14 October 2026

Nguyen Thi Quynh	**Tran Viet Dung**	**Nguyen Hai Ninh**
Preparer	Chief Accountant	Chief Financial Officer

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT
Accounting period from January 1st to September 30th, 2026

B03 - DN/HN
Currency: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter	
			Current year	Previous year
I. Cash flow from operating activities				
1 . Income from sales of merchandises, services rendered	1		2.019.614.584.411	576.575.458.599
2 . Payments to suppliers of merchandises and services	2		(580.699.110.858)	(115.054.172.502)
3 . Payments to employees	3		(62.200.664.022)	(42.044.239.583)
4 . Borrowing costs have been paid	4		(95.061.737.119)	(218.993.667.963)
5 . Corporate income tax payment	5		(91.715.610.679)	(96.253.378.147)
6 . Other income from operating activity	6		1.015.683.198.905	581.170.566.847
7 . Other payments for operating activity	7		(1.840.147.811.137)	(721.181.019.763)
Net cash flows operating activities	**20**		**365.472.849.501**	**(35.780.452.512)**
II. Cash flow from investing activities				
1 . Payments for fixed asset purchase, construction	21		(776.908.800)	(8.137.271.285)
2 . Interest income, dividend and distributed profit	22		-	-
3 . Payment for loaning, buying securities from other entities	23		-	(34.500.000.000)
4 . Receipt from loaning, selling securities	24		47.743.779.695	22.970.221.291
5 . Payment for investing in the other entities	25		-	-
6 . Receipt from investment in other entities	26		-	-
7 . Receipt from loan interest, dividend, divided profits	27		223.634.380	1.006.413.398
Net cash flows used in investing activities	**30**		**47.190.505.275**	**(18.660.636.596)**

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT *(Continued)* B03 - DN/HN

Accounting period from January 1st to September 30th, 2026

Currency: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter	
			Current year	Previous year
III. Cash flow from financing activities				
1 . Cash received from owner's paid in capital	31		-	91.034.140.000
2 . Payment for owners' equities, buying back issued stocks	32		-	(227.585.350)
3 . Drawdown of borrowings and business cooperation contracts	33		1.245.250.782.029	771.936.083.910
4 . Repayment of borrowings and business cooperation contracts	34		(1.712.577.200.576)	(830.531.920.584)
5 . Payment for debt (financial leasing)	35		-	-
6 . Dividend, profit paid to owner	36		(285.950.000)	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	**40**		**(467.612.368.547)**	**32.210.717.976**
Net increase/(decrease) in cash for the year	**50**		**(54.949.013.771)**	**(22.230.371.132)**
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	**60**		**153.004.638.105**	**172.907.922.346**
Effect of change of foreign exchange rate	61			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (70=50+60+61)	**70**	**4**	**98.055.624.334**	**150.677.551.214**

Approved, 14 October 2026

Nguyen Thi Quynh	**Tran Viet Dung**	**Nguyen Hai Ninh**
Preparer	Chief Accountant	Chief Financial Officer

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

SJ GROUP Joint Stock Company ("the Company") was a joint stock company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam in pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0103002731 issued by Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 8 August 2003. The Company also subsequently received amended Enterprise Registration Certificates No. 0101399461 with the 16th amendment dated 14 May 2026 as the latest.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange under name SJS.

The current principal activities of the Company are:

- Real estate business;
- Real estate service business;
- Business and operation of services for housing, urban and industrial zone.

The Company's average course of business cycle for the real estate activities commences from the date of obtaining the investment license, carrying out land clearance, undertaking infrastructure construction to the completion of the project. Consequently, the Company's course of business cycle may last over 12-month.

The Company's normal course of business cycle for other activities is 12-month.

The Company's headquarter is located at Lot CT6, Nam An Khanh New Urban area, An Khanh commune, Hanoi, Vietnam.

The seasonal nature of operations impacts the report

Due to the characteristics of the real estate industry, revenue from property transfers is contingent upon the completion status of real estate projects and market conditions at the times the projects are offered for sale. Conversely, revenue from leasing and providing real estate management services is anticipated to remain stable throughout the year unless the Company and its subsidiaries introduce new investment products to the market.

CORPORATE INFORMATION *(Continued)*

Corporate structure

As at 30 September 2026, the Company has 5 dependent branches (as at 31 December 2025: 5 dependent branches) with detail information as follow:

Name	*Address*
An Khanh branch - SJ Group Joint Stock Company	Nam An Khanh New Urban Area, An Khanh Commune, Hanoi.
Quang Ninh branch - SJ Group Joint Stock Company	Group 1, Zone 2, Ha Long Ward, Quang Ninh province.
Da Nang branch - SJ Group Joint Stock Company	12th Floor, Vietnam Development Bank Quang Nam - Da Nang Region, No. 74 Quang Trung Street, Hai Chau Ward, Da Nang City.
Trading branch - SJ Group Joint Stock Company	Sudico Building, Me Tri Road, Tu Liem Ward, Hanoi.
Van La project management board belongs to the SJ Group Joint Stock Company	Lot TT2-13, Van La Residential Area Project, Kien Hung Ward, Hanoi.

As at 30 September 2026, the Company has 7 subsidiaries (31 December 2025: 7 subsidiaries) with detailed information as follow:

No	*Name*	*Voting rights (%)*	*Equity interest (%)*	*Location*	*Principal activities*
1	SJ Tien Xuan Limited Company	100%	100%	Service Land Lot 1-2, Alley 323, Tran Hung Dao Street, Su Ngoi Commune, Phu Tho Province, Vietnam	Real estate business, rights to use land owned by the proprietor, user or lease; provision of sports, entertainment, and recreational services of sports facilities, amusement parks, and theme parks.
2	Sudico Thang Long Limited Company	99,97%	99,97%	Nam An Khanh New Urban Area, An Khanh Commune, Hanoi, Vietnam	Management and investment consulting; real estate business; consulting, advertising and managing real estate and other activities.
3	SJ Service Joint Stock Company	80%	80%	M3 Floor, CT1 Building, My Dinh Urban Area, Tu Liem Ward, Hanoi, Vietnam	Real estate services business; operation of services related to residential, urban, and industrial areas..
4	Middleland Sudico Joint Stock Company (*)	100%	100%	2rd Floor, 12 Ho Xuan Huong Building, My An Ward, Da Nang City, Vietnam	Investment consulting, preparation, appraisal, and implementation of construction investment projects; real estate business, rights to use land owned by the proprietor, user, or for lease

No	*Name*	*Voting rights (%)*	*Equity interest (%)*	*Location*	*Principal activities*
5	Sudico Hoa Binh Joint Stock Company	98,4%	98,4%	Service Land Lot 1-2, Alley 323, Tran Hung Dao Street, Su Ngoi Commune, Phu Tho Province, Vietnam	Real estate business, land use rights of owners, users, or renters; residential area, urban area, and industrial park business; operation of services related to housing, urban areas, and industrial parks; investment in the creation of houses and buildings for sale and rent; land renovation investment and investment in infrastructure-equipped land projects; real estate services.
6	Sudico Development Investment and Building Materials Joint Stock Company	71%	71%	CT1 Building, My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area, Tu Liem Ward, Hanoi, Vietnam	Manufacture of building materials from bricks, sand, cement, gypsum; wholesale and retail of autoclaved aerated concrete blocks, building materials, interior equipment; wholesale of machinery, equipment, and machine parts.
7	Sudico Consulting Joint Stock Company	57,84%	57,84%	1st Floor, Unit 1, CT1 Building, My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area, Tu Liem Ward, Hanoi, Vietnam	Project design consulting, project appraisal consulting, report preparation consulting, construction supervision consulting, project management consulting.

(*) Middleland Sudico Joint Stock Company is in dissolution process according to Decision No.131/QĐ-CT-HĐQT of the Company's Board of Dirctors dated 20 November 2012.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting standards and system

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2.2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION *(Continued)*

2.3 Fiscal year

The Group's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its consolidated financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

These consolidated financial statements for the third quarter have been prepared for the accounting period from July 1 to September 30, 2026.

2.4 Accounting currency

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in VND.

2.5 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries of the 3rd Quarter 2026 accounting period.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-company balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains or losses result from intra-company transactions are eliminated in full.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated income statement and within equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

Impact of change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is recorded in undistributed earnings.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted by the Group in preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 and the interim consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 except for the changes in the accounting policies arising from the initial adoption of Circular No. 99/2025/TT-BTC guidance the Enterprise Accounting System ("Circular 99") and Circular no. 43/2026/TT-BTC as described below:

3.1.1Changes in accounting policies due to the adoption of new accounting regulations: Circular No. 99/2025/TT-BTC guiding the Enterprise Accounting System

On 27 October 2025, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 99, replacing Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC providing guidance on the enterprise accounting regime issued by the Ministry of Finance on 22 December 2014 and several other related regulations. Circular 99 is effective from 1 January 2026 and is applicable to fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

In addition, the Group has applied certain changes in accounting policies in accordance with Circular 99, which have affected the Company on a prospective basis, as Circular 99 does not require retrospective application for these changes. The Group has also re-presented the corresponding figures of certain line items to conform with the presentation under Circular 99.

3.1.2 Circular no. 43/2026/TT-BTC amending and supplementing circular no. 202/2014/TT-BTC providing guidance on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements

On 20 April 2026, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 43/2026/TT-BTC ("Circular 43") amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC, which provides guidance on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. Circular 43 is effective for the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

The Group has applied the changes in accounting policies in accordance with the provisions of Circular 43 that have an impact on the Group on a modified retrospective and prospective basis, depending on the specific accounts, as guided by the implementation provisions of Circular 43.

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of not more than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the consolidated financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the consolidated balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. When bad debts are determined as unrecoverable and accountant writes off those bad debts, the differences between the provision for doubtful receivables previously made and historical cost of receivables are included in the consolidated income statement.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

3.4 Inventories

Inventory property

Real estate that is purchased or constructed for sale in the normal course of the Company's and its subsidiaries' operations, not for leasing or awaiting appreciation, is recognized as real estate inventory at the lower of cost to bring each product to its present location and condition and its net realizable value.

The cost of real estate inventory includes:

- Land use fees and land rental expenses ;
- Construction costs paid to contractors; and
- Interest expenses, consulting and design fees, site clearance and leveling costs, compensation for land clearance, consulting fees, land transfer taxes, general construction management expenses, and other related costs.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market price discounted for the time value of money if significant at the consolidated balance sheet date, and less cost to complete and the estimated selling price.

The cost of the real estate property sold recognized in the consolidated income statement based on the direct costs of constructing that property and the allocated general expenses based on the corresponding area of that property.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through obsolescence, etc.) of raw materials, finished goods, and other inventories owned by the Group, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the consolidated balance sheet date..

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the consolidated income statement. When inventories are expired, obsolescence, damage or become useless, the difference between the provision previously made and the historical cost of inventories are included in the consolidated income statement.

3.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the consolidated income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the consolidated income statement.

3.6 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible fixed asset to a condition for it to be capable of operating for its intended use of the Group.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets and other expenditures are charged to the interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

When intangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim consolidated income statement.

3.7 Leased assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Group is the lessee

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Group is the lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are presented as investment properties in the consolidated balance sheet. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are recognised in the consolidated income statement as incurred.

Fore lease of assets under operating leases that satisfies all conditions of rental income to be recognised in full one time as presented in Note 3.20 – Revenue recognition, rental income is recognised one time at the entire rental value.

For other operating leases, lease income is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.8 Depreciation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows :

Land use rights	45 years
Buildings and structures	6 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 7 years
Means of transportation	5 - 7 years
Office equipment	3 - 5 years
Others	3 - 5 years

3.9 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost including transaction costs less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognised is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Group.

Depreciation of investment properties are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures	25 years

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

For long-term lease of investment properties which the Group receives rental fee in advance for many periods and rental income is recognised one at the entire rental amount received in advance as presented

in Note 3.20, depreciation and amortisation of these investment properties are recognised with entire amount at the point of revenue recognition.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the consolidated income statement in the year of retirement or disposal..

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

3.10 Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs of acquiring new assets that have not yet been fully installed or the costs of construction that have not yet been fully completed. Construction in progress is stated at cost, which includes all necessary costs to construct, repair, renovate, expand, or re-equip the projects with technologies, such as construction costs, tools and equipment costs, project management costs, construction consulting costs, and borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.

Construction in progress will be transferred to the appropriate fixed asset account when these assets are fully installed or the construction project is fully completed, and depreciation of these assets will commence when they are ready for their intended use.

Construction costs are recognised as expenses when such costs do not meet the conditions to be recognised as fixed assets.

3.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs are recorded as expense during the year in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as explained in the following paragraph.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset.

3.12 Deferred expenses

Deferred expenses are reported as short-term or long-term deferred expenses on the interim consolidated statement of financial position and are amortised over the period to which they relate or during which the related economic benefits are consumed.

Repair and periodic maintenance costs of fixed assets related to business operations over multiple accounting periods.

The Company determines and allocates repair and periodic maintenance costs of fixed assets related to business operations over multiple accounting periods based on their nature to select the appropriate allocation method and basis.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

3.13 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of a business combination is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. Identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair values at the date of business combination.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. If the cost of a business combination is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is immediately recorded as production (if value is small) or amortised over 10-year period on a straight-line basis (if value is significant). The parent company conducts the periodical review for impairment of goodwill of investment in subsidiaries. If there are indicators of impairment loss incurred is higher than the yearly allocated amount of goodwill on the straight-line basis, the higher amount will be recorded in the consolidated income statement.

3.14 Investments

Investments in associates

The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence that is neither subsidiaries nor joint ventures. The Group generally deems they have significant influence if they have over 20% of the voting rights.

Under the equity method, the investment is carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost plus post acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associates. Goodwill arising on acquisition of the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Goodwill is not amortised and subject to annual review for impairmen.

The share of post-acquisition profit/(loss) of the associates is presented on face of the consolidated income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Dividend/profit sharing received or receivable from associates reduces the carrying amount of the investment.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared for the same reporting period and use the same accounting policies as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

Held-for-trading securities and investments in other entities

Held-for-trading securities and in securities and investments in other entities are stated at their acquisition costs.

Provision for diminution in value of investments

Provision of the investment is made when there are reliable evidences of the diminution in value of those investments at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expenses in the consolidated income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as finance expenses in the consolidated income statements and deducted against the value of such investments.

3.15 Payables and accruals

Trade and other payables comprise obligations of the Group to suppliers of materials and goods, service providers, vendors of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and financial investments under executed economic contracts and amounts payable to main and subcontractors for construction and installation works.

Accrued expenses comprise amounts payable for goods and services that have been received from suppliers or provided to customers during the reporting period but have not yet been paid due to the absence of sufficient supporting documents, accounting records or documentation and are recognised as production and business expenses of the reporting period.

3.16 Accrual for severance pay

The severance pay for employees is accrued at the end of each reporting year for employees who have been working for more than 12 months at Group. The accrued amount is determined at one-half of the average monthly salary for each year of service qualifying for severance pay, in accordance with the Labour Code and related implementing guidance.

The average monthly salary used in the calculation is updated at the end of each reporting period based on the average monthly salary for the six-month period up to the end of the reporting period. Any increase or decrease in the accrued amount, other than actual payment made to employees, is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

The accrued severance pay is used to settle severance benefits payable to employees upon termination of their labour contract in accordance with Article 46 of the Labour Code.

3.17 Provisions

General

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the consolidated income statement net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance expense.

3.18 Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at issuance price less incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of shares, net of tax effects. Such costs are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

Share premium

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issuance price of the shares, minus the actual expenses incurred for the issuance of the shares.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

3.19 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax (excluding negative goodwill arising from a bargain purchase) is available for appropriation to investors/shareholders after approval by the appropriate level of authority/in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Group maintains the following reserve funds which are appropriated from the Group's net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting:

Investment and development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Group's expansion of its operation or of in-depth investment.

Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet.

3.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Transfer real estate

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the real estate have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the real estate, and the ability to collect the real estate transfer price is reasonably assured.

If a transaction does not meet the above revenue recognition criteria, progress payments received from customers are recorded as customer prepayments on the consolidated balance sheet until all the aforementioned conditions are met.

Rendering of services

Where the contract outcome can be reliably measured, revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion. Stage of completion is measured by reference to the labour hours incurred to reporting date as a percentage of total estimated labour hours for each contract.

Where the contract outcome cannot be reliably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised which are recoverable.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividends

Income is recognised when the Group's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

Rental income

Periodic rental income

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Rental income arising from leased properties is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease terms of ongoing leases.

Rental income recognised one time

For lease of assets which the Group receives rental fee in advance for many periods and the lease periods cover more than 90% of the useful life of the assets, rental income is recognised one time at the entire rental amount received in advance when all these conditions are met:

- The lessee is not entitled to cancel the lease contract and the Group has no obligation to repay the amount received in advance in all cases and in all forms;
- The amount received in advance from the lease is not less than 90% of the total rental amount expected to be fulfilled under the contract during the lease term and the lessee must pay the entire amount of lease within 12 months from the beginning of the lease;
- Almost all the risks and benefits associated with ownership of the leased asset are transferred to the lessee; and
- The Group must estimate relatively the full cost of the lease.

Revenue deductions

Revenue deductions include trade discounts, sales allowances, and sales returns.

Revenue deductions arising in the same period in which products, goods, or services are sold are recorded as a reduction of revenue in that period. In cases where products, goods, or services are sold during the period but trade discounts, sales allowances, or sales returns arise in the subsequent year, the Company reduces the revenue recognised for the year, provided that such revenue deductions arise before the issuance date of the financial statements.

3.21 Cost of goods sold for the transferred real estate

The cost of land and assets on land/apartments sold includes all direct expenses incurred for land development activities and housing or expenses that can be reasonably allocated to these activities, including:

- Land costs and land development expense;
- Construction costs and related construction expenses; and
- Other related costs arising during the formation of the real estate such as expenses from current and future land development activities and constructions of the project (like expenses for the development of common technical infrastructure and mandatory land fund development costs for public purposes, etc.).

3.22 Selling expenses

Selling expenses reflect actual costs incurred in connection with the sale of goods and the provision of services.

3.23 General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses reflect actual costs incurred in the course of the general management of the Group.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

3.24 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the consolidated balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Group to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the consolidated balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

- in respect of taxable temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures where timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

- in respect of deductible temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered .

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Group to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on:

- either the same taxable entity; or
- when the Group intends either settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.25 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit/(loss) after tax for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group (after adjusting for the bonus and welfare fund) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

3.26 Segment information

A segment is a component determined separately by the Company which is engaged in providing products or related services (business segment) or providing products or services in a particular economic environment (geographical segment), that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments.

The Group's principal activities is real estate business and other related servies. In addition, these activities are mainly taking place within Vietnam. Therefore, the Group's risks and returns are not impacted by the Group's products that the Group is manufacturing or the locations where the Group is trading. As a result, the Group's management is of the view that there is only one segment for business and geography and therefore presentation of segmental information is not required.

3.27 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Group if one party has the ability to, directly or indirectly, control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Group and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprises or individuals, including close members of their families.

3.28 Significant estimates

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the reporting date, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated based on past experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable and have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements. Although accounting estimates are made based on management's best knowledge and judgement, actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Currency: VND

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Cash on hand	1.189.025.110	4.302.444.138
Demand deposit	96.849.956.415	137.915.770.505
Cash equivalents (*)	16.642.809	10.786.423.462
TOTAL	**98.055.624.334**	**153.004.638.105**

(*) Cash equivalents comprise comprise of deposit in VND at a securities company with terms from 1 to 3 months.

5. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

5.1 Held-for-trading securities

	Ending balance			Beginning balance		
	Cost	*Fair value*	*Provision*	*Cost*	*Fair value*	*Provision*
Trading securities	***17.817.000.000***	***3.761.450.000***	***(14.055.550.000)***	***17.817.000.000***	***6.393.490.000***	***(11.423.510.000)***
Viet Property Investment Joint Stock Company	15.829.000.000	3.324.090.000	(12.504.910.000)	15.829.000.000	5.856.730.000	(9.972.270.000)
PV2 Investment Joint Stock Company	1.988.000.000	437.360.000	(1.550.640.000)	1.988.000.000	536.760.000	(1.451.240.000)
TOTAL	**17.817.000.000**	**3.761.450.000**	**(14.055.550.000)**	**17.817.000.000**	**6.393.490.000**	**(11.423.510.000)**

5.2 Held-to-maturity investment

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Term deposits	496.026.829	31.021.497.977
TOTAL	**496.026.829**	**31.021.497.977**

Bank deposit in VND with term from 6 months to 12 months.

As at 30 September 2026, deposit with amount of Sudico Hoa Binh JSC has been used as collateral at Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam for the purpose of executing the project of this subsidiary.

6. SHORT – TERM TRADE RECEIVABLE

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Trade receivables from customers	362.486.187.052	205.637.986.570
SDP Joint Stock Company	*32.683.500.972*	*32.683.500.972*
Dat Quang Company Joint Stock Company	*12.689.317.360*	*12.689.317.360*
Vietnam Development and Construction Company Limited	*20.498.750.000*	*20.498.750.000*
Binh Minh Production Business Import Export Joint Stock Company	*18.951.528.945*	*18.951.528.945*
Phuc Ha Group Investment Joint Stock Company	*15.419.772.082*	*15.419.772.082*
Saigon - Hanoi Investment Joint Stock Company	*85.962.050.350*	*29.710.674.235*
Other customers	176.281.267.343	75.684.442.976
Trade receivables from related parties	5.450.326.900	5.450.326.900
TOTAL	**367.936.513.952**	**211.088.313.470**
In which:		
Nam An Khanh New Urban Area project	*327.776.677.265*	*175.177.778.104*
My Dinh – Me Tri Urban Area project	*19.907.314.945*	*19.907.314.945*
Other projects and trade receivables	*20.252.521.742*	*16.003.220.421*

7. ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term		
Advances to suppliers	74.417.493.767	90.864.982.227
Construction Corporation No.1 – Joint Stock Company	*25.920.540.000*	*39.457.287.372*
Viettel Construction Joint Stock Corporation	*31.595.173.132*	*35.469.300.797*
GDC Group Joint Stock Company	*16.901.780.635*	*15.938.394.058*
Advances to related parties	130.597.368.356	45.542.392.993
TOTAL	**205.014.862.123**	**136.407.375.220**
Long-term		
Hoai Duc District Compensation and Clearance Council	49.982.867.975	49.982.867.975
TOTAL	**49.982.867.975**	**49.982.867.975**

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term		
Financial support (*)	234.505.986.831	106.186.681.281
Others	197.359.486.187	140.589.433.046
TOTAL	**431.865.473.018**	**246.776.114.327**
Long-term		
Deposit for transfer share capital (**)	95.882.801.567	95.882.801.567
Receivable from transfer of shares at Ha Long Cement Joint Stock Company	67.070.600.000	67.070.600.000
TOTAL	**162.953.401.567**	**162.953.401.567**

(*) This represents financial support provided by the Company to certain customers purchasing real estate in one of project of the Company to enable them to complete such properties.

(**) This represents a deposit for an individual under the Deposit Agreement for the Transfer of Capital Contribution No. 01/HĐĐC/SUDICO-LQA dated 16 May 2023, and the amendment appendix dated 15 December 2025, for the purpose of acquiring a capital contribution from a partner operating in the real estate sector. The parties agreed that the transfer will be completed no later than 31 December 2027.

9. OVERDUE RECEIVABLES

	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	Cost	*Recoverable amount*	*Cost*	*Recoverable amount*
SDP Joint Stock Company	32.683.500.972	19.610.100.583	32.683.500.972	22.866.585.000
Vietnam Development and Construction Company Limited	20.498.750.000	-	20.498.750.000	-
Binh Minh Production Business Import Export Joint Stock Company	18.951.528.945	10.423.340.920	18.951.528.945	13.290.519.751
Phuc Ha Group Investment Joint Stock Company	15.419.772.082	-	15.419.772.082	-
Dat Quang Group Joint Stock Company	12.689.317.360	4.594.658.680	12.689.317.360	4.594.658.680
Others	106.176.246.781	14.468.404.639	101.877.787.537	13.474.888.792
TOTAL	**206.419.116.140**	**49.096.504.822**	**202.120.656.896**	**54.226.652.223**

10. INVENTORIES

	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	Cost	*Provision*	*Cost*	*Provision*
Work in process	4.773.348.389.593	(4.690.871.676)	4.246.600.376.732	(4.690.871.676)
Nam An Khanh New Urban Area Project	*4.000.899.730.228*	-	*4.187.317.101.323*	-
The Vista Van La Project	*708.439.430.319*	-	-	-
Southeastern Expansion – Residential Area Norht of Tran Hung Dao Street Project	*48.493.532.248*	-	*50.619.934.876*	-
Other projects	*15.515.696.798*	*(4.690.871.676)*	*8.663.340.533*	*(4.690.871.676)*
Tools and supplies	38.618.642	-	*37.178.642*	-
TOTAL	**4.773.387.008.235**	**(4.690.871.676)**	**4.246.637.555.374**	**(4.690.871.676)**

11. DEFERRED EXPENSES

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term		
Infrastructure costs for land plots TH1 and TH2 of My Dinh - Me Tri project (*)	16.469.107.524	16.469.107.524
Others	1.797.876.746	1.163.858.002
TOTAL	**18.266.984.270**	**17.632.965.526**
Long-term		
Financial support under the Educational Business cooperation contracts (**)	8.930.936.061	9.238.899.375
Others	1.071.008.115	2.300.373.025
TOTAL	**10.001.944.176**	**11.539.272.400**

(*) These present the infrastructure development cost of land lots TH1 and TH2 on the My Dinh - Me Tri project, which is expected to be reimbursed to the Company by the parties receiving these land lots. According to Decision No. 20/2004/QD-UBND dated 19 February 2004 of the Hanoi People's Committee on approving the detailed planning of My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area and Decision No. 5577/QD- People's Committee dated 15 December 2006 of the Hanoi People's Committee on adjusting a number of land use criteria to build My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area, the Company is responsible for synchronous investment in infrastructure and transferring 2 land lots TH1 and TH2 to build primary and secondary schools. The Company temporarily handed over TH1 to Marie Curie Private High School on 28 June 2012 and TH2 to the People's Committee of Nam Tu Liem District to build a My Dinh 1 Primary and Secondary School according to Decision No. 2066/QD-UBND dated 8 May 2015 of the Hanoi People's Committee.

(**)This is a financial support commitment that the Company has paid to a partner, an educational service provider, to operate the inter-level high school activities located in the Nam An Khanh New Urban Area according to the educational service business cooperation contract signed on 29 May 2017.

12.OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Cash and cash equivalents held by the Company but restricted from use Deposits received for The Vista Van La project (i)	391.009.731.466	-
Thinh Lang project (ii)	5.700.000.000	5.700.000.000
TỔNG CỘNG	**391.009.731.466**	**5.700.000.000**

(i) Pursuant to the deposit agreements entered into with customers, the Company receives deposits to record and secure customers' interest in purchasing products at The Vista Van La Project. These deposits are placed in accounts managed and blocked by the bank.

(ii) These represent restricted deposits pledged as security for the subsidary's obligations to a commercial bank in relation to the Thinh Lang Residential Area Project in Phu Tho Province.

13.TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Means of transportation	Office equipment	Other	Total
Cost:						
Beginning balance	303.174.138.105	1.649.646.014	17.701.062.385	4.623.230.246	1.610.585.310	328.758.662.060
- Increase in period	-	-	396.800.000	500.017.926	267.350.000	1.164.167.926
- Decrease in period	68.520.826.195	-	-	36.650.000	-	68.557.476.195
Ending balance	234.653.311.910	1.649.646.014	18.097.862.385	5.086.598.172	1.877.935.310	261.365.353.791
In which:						
Fully depreciated	*10.595.520.143*	*1.616.590.434*	*17.470.994.200*	*3.388.130.602*	*945.695.748*	*34.016.931.127*
Accumulated depreciation:						
Beginning balance	91.523.158.586	1.630.937.544	17.470.994.200	3.544.083.028	985.598.283	115.154.771.641
- Depreciation for the year	5.250.396.148	14.031.354	49.600.008	285.392.715	187.181.772	5.786.601.997
- Increase in period	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Decrease in period	51.619.022.413	-	-	36.650.000	-	51.655.672.413
Ending balance	45.154.532.321	1.644.968.898	17.520.594.208	3.792.825.743	1.172.780.055	69.285.701.225
Net carrying amount:						
Beginning balance	211.650.979.519	18.708.470	230.068.185	1.079.147.218	624.987.027	213.603.890.419
Ending balance	189.498.779.589	4.677.116	577.268.177	1.293.772.429	705.155.255	192.079.652.566

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Buildings and structures
Cost:	
Beginning balance	15.832.845.014
- Increase in period	68.520.826.195
Ending balance	84.353.671.209
Accumulated depreciation:	
Beginning balance	(12.034.848.132)
- Depreciation for the year	(1.160.193.603)
- Increase in period	(51.619.022.413)
Ending balance	(64.814.064.148)
Net carrying amount:	
Beginning balance	3.797.996.882
Ending balance	19.539.607.061

The Company's investment properties include the 1st floor of buildings CT1, CT4, CT5, CT6, CT9 in the My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area, which are being used for operating leases.

Buildings and structures components from 15 to 18 floors of the complex building HH3, My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area with the original amount of VND 68.5 billion. The value of this building was temporarily determined based on its budget investment cost. As of 30 September 2026, the Company is carrying out the necessary procedures to sign a land lease contract with Hanoi city.

As at 30 September 2026, the Company has not yet determined the fair value for all investment properties due to insufficient market information to serve the purpose of determining fair value.

15. LONG-TERM ASSETS IN PROGRESS

15.1 Long-term work in process

	Cost (also recoverable amount)	
	Ending balance	**Beginning balance**
Hoa Hai - Da Nang New Urban Area project	1.244.581.476.632	1.244.053.310.196
The Vista Van La project	-	598.794.336.052
My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area project	174.514.961.000	174.514.961.000
Tien Xuan Project	174.817.392.477	158.551.420.134
Nam An Khanh New Urban Area Expansion project	112.007.904.918	111.894.456.674
Thinh Lang – Hoa Binh Urban Area Project	169.938.657.293	152.976.909.164
TOTAL	**1.875.860.392.320**	**2.440.785.393.220**

As at 30 September 2026, these projects are in the process of compensation, site clearance and completing legal procedures with state authorities. Thus, the Company assesses that it will not be able to complete these projects in the short-term period and presents these projects as long-term work in progress.

15.2 Construction in progress

	Ending balance	**Beginning balance**
Song Da - Ngoc Vung Ecological Area project	13.860.603.632	13.759.543.790
The commercial leasing component of The Vista Van La Project	141.804.326.947	-
TOTAL	**155.664.930.579**	**13.759.543.790**

16. CAPITALISED BORROWING COSTS

During the year, the Group capitalised borrowing costs amounting to 213.1 billion VND related to loans for the investment and development of the Nam An Khanh New Urban Area Project.

17.LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	Ending balance			Beginning balance		
	Cost	*Provision*	*Fair value*	*Cost*	*Provision*	*Fair value*
Investments in associates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in other entities	58.243.068.750	(16.311.800.724)	41.931.268.026	58.243.068.750	(16.311.800.724)	41.931.268.026
Held-to-maturity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	**58.243.068.750**	**(16.311.800.724)**	**41.931.268.026**	**58.243.068.750**	**(16.311.800.724)**	**41.931.268.026**

17.1 Other long-term investments

	Ending balance			Beginning balance		
	Cost	*Provision*	*Fair value*	*Cost*	*Provision*	*Fair value*
Van Phong Investments & Development Joint Stock Company	23.493.000.000	(8.650.063.843)	14.842.936.157	23.493.000.000	(8.650.063.843)	14.842.936.157
Vinare Investment Joint Stock Company	10.000.000.000	(259.755.686)	9.740.244.314	10.000.000.000	(259.755.686)	9.740.244.314
Global Insurance Company	11.550.068.750	-	11.550.068.750	11.550.068.750	-	11.550.068.750
Hudse Urban and Housing Development Investment Joint Stock Company	7.200.000.000	(1.401.981.195)	5.798.018.805	7.200.000.000	(1.401.981.195)	5.798.018.805
Phuc Son Lightweight Block Joint Stock Company	6.000.000.000	(6.000.000.000)	-	6.000.000.000	(6.000.000.000)	-
TOTAL	**58.243.068.750**	**(16.311.800.724)**	**41.931.268.026**	**58.243.068.750**	**(16.311.800.724)**	**41.931.268.026**

The Company has not determined the fair value of these investments because the shares of these companies are not listed on the market.

18. TRADE PAYABLES AND ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

18.1 Short-term trade payables

	Original price (also the amount that can be paid off)	
	Ending balance	**Beginning balance**
Anh Duong Infrastructure Development and Construction Company Limited	5.398.445.000	2.983.619.330
SDP Joint Stock Company	10.671.917.606	10.671.917.606
Van Thanh Ha Noi Trading and Construction Joint Stock Company	666.300.715	903.792.042
Sao Vang Construction Joint Stock Company	2.979.533.800	13.258.612.500
Other suppliers	184.119.976.226	63.868.391.893
TOTAL	**203.836.173.347**	**91.686.333.371**

18.2 Advances from customers

	Ending balance	**Beginning balance**
Short-term		
Nam An Khanh New Urban Area project	13.409.534.675	678.653.939.313
Others project	4.246.593.799	2.447.924.826
TOTAL	**17.656.128.474**	**681.101.864.139**

	Ending balance	**Beginning balance**
Long-term		
My Dinh – Me Tri Urban Area project	193.208.327.754	193.208.327.754
TOTAL	**193.208.327.754**	**193.208.327.754**

19. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

	Ending balance	**Beginning balance**
Receivable		
Value added tax	2.203.137.146	1.766.891.373
TOTAL	**2.203.137.146**	**1.766.891.373**

Payables	**Ending balance**	**Beginning balance**
Value added tax	160.070.352.659	28.580.495.893
Corporate income tax	353.878.785.398	87.723.008.777
Personal income tax	2.514.369.862	1.471.424.911
Others	117.755.661	117.755.661
TOTAL	**516.581.263.580**	**117.892.685.242**

20. ACCRUED EXPENSES

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short - term:		
Future costs and accrual construction costs	287.105.031.600	327.392.723.674
Others	257.089.850.009	95.209.166.360
TOTAL	**544.194.881.609**	**422.601.890.034**
Long - term:		
Accrual land rental costs	3.452.162.560	3.452.162.560
Others	-	-
TOTAL	**3.452.162.560**	**3.452.162.560**

21. UNEARNED REVENUE

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Dividends payable	286.802.000	2.770.000
TOTAL	**286.802.000**	**2.770.000**

22. OTHER PAYABLES

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short - term:		
Payables to Business co-operation contracts	391.009.731.466	-
Customers contribution for The Vista Van La Project	146.001.892.200	-
Customers contribution for Nam An Khanh New Urban Area Project	29.554.728.100	38.053.550.233
Employee bonus payable from the bonus and welfare fund	11.522.700.000	11.522.700.000
Pre-allocation fund for SUDICO building repair	26.354.328.664	24.966.270.049
Payable to Hanoi City Budget (*)	13.084.244.056	13.084.244.056
Others	34.957.994.045	18.768.636.788
TOTAL	**652.485.618.531**	**106.395.401.126**
Long - term:		
Customers contribution to Van La - Van Khe Urban Area Project	-	153.368.892.200
Advance from the Academy of Policy and Development	27.945.880.873	27.945.880.873
Advance from Marie Curie Private High School	10.938.966.538	10.938.966.538
Deposits for kiosk rental and house purchase	20.495.805.124	11.544.848.088
TOTAL	**59.380.652.535**	**203.798.587.699**

(*) According to Official Dispatch No. 230/UBND-KT of the Hanoi People's Committee, the Company was assigned to build and sell apartments in unit 3 of CT9 building, My Dinh - Me Tri Urban Area and the profits earned must be returned to the Hanoi budget. The Company temporarily calculated the returned profit as 13,084,244,056 VND.

23. LOANS

	Ending balance		Movement during the year		Beginning balance	
Short-term	Balance	Payable amount	Increase	Reduce	Balance	Payable amount
Current portion of long-term loans from banks	562.535.174.056	562.535.174.056	389.480.196.071	162.825.022.015	335.880.000.000	335.880.000.000
Current portion of long-term loans from others	-	-	191.425.790.092	505.781.949.946	314.356.159.854	314.356.159.854
	562.535.174.056	**562.535.174.056**	**580.905.986.163**	**668.606.971.961**	**650.236.159.854**	**650.236.159.854**
Long-term						
Long-term loans from banks	834.606.604.647	834.606.604.647	495.624.782.029	389.480.196.071	728.462.018.689	728.462.018.689
Long-term loans from other entities	85.059.079.416	85.059.079.416	782.626.000.000	1.810.590.054.109	1.113.023.133.525	1.113.023.133.525
TOTAL	**919.665.684.063**	**919.665.684.063**	**1.278.250.782.029**	**2.200.070.250.180**	**1.841.485.152.214**	**1.841.485.152.214**

24. CORPORATE FUNDS

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Bonus and welfare fund	91.836.552.594	92.422.094.594
Investment and development fund	4.431.939.342	4.431.939.342
Other equity funds	7.523.041.519	7.523.041.519
TOTAL	**103.791.533.455**	**104.377.075.455**

25. OWNERS'S EQUITY

25.1 Increase and decrease in owners'equity

	Share capital	*Share premium*	*Treasury shares*	*Other owners's equity*	*Investment and development fund*	*Other equity funds*	*Undistributed earnings*	*Non-controlling interest*	*Total*
Beginning balance 2025	1.148.555.400.000	219.017.196.787	(61.161.904.650)	48.750.000.000	749.270.472.555	7.523.041.519	866.237.448.209	15.686.061.654	2.993.877.716.074
- Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	*361.321.074.397*	*1.645.367.912*	*362.966.442.309*
- Increase in capital	*963.627.770.000*	*(218.789.236.787)*	-	-	*(744.838.533.213)*	-	-	-	-
- Dividend declared	*862.565.110.000*	-	-	-	-	-	*(862.565.110.000)*	-	-
- Change in control ratio in subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	*180.896.657*	*(2.480.896.657)*	*(2.300.000.000)*
- Reclassification	-	*(217.750.000)*	-	-	-	-	*217.750.000*	-	-
- Other increases	-	*29.644.650.000*	*61.161.904.650*	-	-	-	-	-	*90.806.554.650*
Ending balance 2025	2.974.748.280.000	29.654.860.000	-	48.750.000.000	4.431.939.342	7.523.041.519	365.392.059.263	14.850.532.909	3.445.350.713.033
- Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.431.511.121.948	430.128.985	1.431.941.250.933
- Distribution for bonus and welfare fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Dividends distributed to non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(600.000.000)	(600.000.000)
- Change in control ratio in subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.505.147.090	(7.629.585.559)	(4.124.438.469)
- Increase in period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Decrease in period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.400.274.259)	(70.272.449)	(1.470.546.708)
Ending balance 2026	2.974.748.280.000	29.654.860.000	-	48.750.000.000	4.431.939.342	7.523.041.519	1.799.008.054.043	6.980.803.887	4.871.096.978.789

25.2 Contributed charter capital

	Ending balance			*Beginning balance*		
	Total	*Ordinary shares*	*Preffered shares*	*Total*	*Ordinary shares*	*Preffered shares*
An Phat Investment and Service Trading Joint Stock Company	634.510.620.000	634.510.620.000	-	1.073.240.620.000	1.073.240.620.000	-
Others	2.340.237.660.000	2.340.237.660.000	-	1.901.507.660.000	1.901.507.660.000	-
Share premium	29.654.860.000	29.654.860.000	-	29.654.860.000	29.654.860.000	-
Treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	**3.004.403.140.000**	**3.004.403.140.000**	**-**	**3.004.403.140.000**	**3.004.403.140.000**	**-**

25.3 Capital transactions with owners and distribution of dividends, profits

	Current year	*Previous year*
Contributed capital		
Beginning balance	2.974.748.280.000	2.974.748.280.000
Increase in period	-	-
Ending balance	2.974.748.280.000	2.974.748.240.000

25.4 Dividends

	Quantity	
	Ending balance	*Beginning balance*
Issued shares	**297.474.828**	**297.474.828**
Ordinary shares	297.474.828	297.474.828
Treasury shares	-	-
Ordinary shares	-	-
Additional shares issued	-	-
Ordinary shares	-	-
Shares in circulation	**297.474.828**	**297.474.828**
Ordinary shares	297.474.828	297.474.828

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") under name SJS.

The par value of outstanding shares is 10,000 VND per share (31 December 2025: 10,000 VND).

26. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

	Currency: VND
Contributed charter capital	18.372.600.000
Share premium	117.249.999
Investment and development fund	2.326.996.666
Undistributed earnings	(16.163.039.445)
	6.980.803.886

For the fiscal period ending September 30, 2026

Loss belongs to non-controlling shareholders	430.128.985
	430.128.985

27. REVENUES

27.1 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

	Quarter 3 2026	Quarter 3 2025
Gross revenue	**1.785.034.955.786**	**26.720.121.562**
In which:		
Revenue from sales of real estate properties	*1.760.332.016.906*	-
Revenue from rendering of services	*24.702.938.880*	*26.720.121.562*
Deductions	-	-
Net revenue	**1.785.034.955.786**	**26.720.121.562**

27.2 Finance income

Interest on deposits and loans	927.940.268	777.119.743
Dividends, profit distributed	-	-
Other financial revenue	-	-
TOTAL	**927.940.268**	**777.119.743**

28. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

Cost of sales of real estate properties	82.011.757.349	-
Cost of rendering of services	416.838.781.042	19.757.050.868
TOTAL	**498.850.538.391**	**19.757.050.868**

29. FINANCE EXPENSES

Loan interest	-	-
(Reversal)/Provision for diminution in value of held-for-trading securities and impairment loss of investments	3.203.400.000	2.294.830.000
TOTAL	**3.203.400.000**	**2.294.830.000**

30. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling expenses	8.384.568.045	-
General and administrative expenses	10.036.829.030	1.511.133.113
TOTAL	**18.421.397.075**	**1.511.133.113**

31. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER EXPENSES

	Quarter 3 2026	Quarter 3 2025
Other income	4.602.024	503
Other expense	58.205.387	254.745
NET OTHER PROFIT	**(53.603.363)**	**(254.242)**

32. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The CIT rate applicable to the Group is 20% of taxable income.

The tax returns filed by the Group are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

CIT expense

	Quarter 3 2026	Quarter 3 2025
Current tax expense	253.177.914.277	836.894.969
Deferred tax expenses	-	-
TOTAL	**253.177.914.277**	**836.894.969**

33. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

List of related parties that have a controlling relationship with the Group during the year and As at 30 September 2026 is as follows:

Related parties	*Relationship*
An Phat Investment Service Trading JSC	Major shareholder
SJTien Xuan One – member Limited Liability Company ("SJ Tien Xuan")	Subsidiary
Sudico Thang Long Limited Company ("Sudico Thang Long")	Subsidiary
SJ Service Joint Stock Company ("SJ Service")	Subsidiary
Middleland Sudico Joint Stock Company ("Sudico Mien Trung")	Subsidiary
Sudico Hoa Binh Joint Stock Company ("Sudico Hoa Binh")	Subsidiary
Sudico Development Investment and Building Materials Joint Stock Company	Subsidiary
Sudico Consulting Joint Stock Company ("Sudico Consultant")	Subsidiary

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Outstanding balances at 30 September 2026 are unsecured, interest free and will be settled in cash. Of the 3rd Quarter 2026 accounting period, the SJ Group has not made any provision for doubtful debts relating to amounts owed by related parties (31 December 2025: 0). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through the examination of the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

34. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

	Quarter 3 2026	Quarter 3 2025
Net profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders	1.012.096.378.840	2.881.190.741
Distribution to bonus and welfare fund	-	-
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders adjusted for the effect of dilution	**1.012.096.378.840**	**2.881.190.741**
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) for basic earnings (loss) per share	297.474.828	297.474.828
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) adjuted for the effect of dilution	**297.474.828**	**297.474.828**
Basic earnings per share	3.402	10
Diluted earnings per share	3.402	10

There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary share transactions from the end of the accounting period to the date of preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

35. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no other matter or circumstance that has arisen since the consolidated balance date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Approved, 14 October 2026

Nguyen Thi Quynh	**Tran Viet Dung**	**Nguyen Hai Ninh**
Preparer	Chief Accountant	Chief Financial Officer